

Clean pig facility

Thorough cleaning, disinfection and drying between each batch of pigs will reduce dissemination and infection risks. Disinfection does not replace drying.

Wash

- Warm/cold water are equally good as long as soap is used
- Soaking considerably reduces the time spent on washing and the consumption of water
- The use of soap helps eliminate greasy dirt on pen sides and reduces the time required for fine washing
- Without final drying – only little effect of wash (see “Dry and warm pig facility”)

Order of washing

The washing process is illustrated to the right

1. Floors
2. Walls
3. Pen sides
4. Feeders / pipelines for liquid feed
5. Nipple drinkers and drinking bowls
6. Ventilation funnel
7. Finally, flush everything at low pressure

Disinfection

- Dry for 1-2 hours before disinfecting so that the room is damp, but without blank water on the floor
- Use glutaraldehyde products in empty facilities
- Use oxidizing agents in facilities with pigs

1. Soaking



2. Rough washing



3. Soaping



4. Fine washing



5. Flush at low pressure



6. Disinfection



7. Drying



Total 32-38 hrs